

European Network on New Sensing Technologies for Air Pollution Control and Environmental Sustainability - *EuNetAir* COST Action TD1105

WGs and MC Meeting at Rome, 4-6 December 2012

Action Start date: 01/07/2012 - Action End date: 30/06/2016

Year: 2012-2013 (Starting Action)



Ivan Nedkov Institute of Electronics, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences Bulgaria Function in the Action – MC member

Nanotechnologies & Magnetic Nanoparticles Based Sensors

Background / Problem statement:

Nanostructured photonic sensors

High optical quality c-axis oriented ZnO thin films were grown by pulsed laser deposition on quartz (amorphous or 001) substrates using an excimer XeCI laser source. The ZnO films are sensitive to butane (down to 100 ppm diluted in air or N₂).

- <u>Development of nanotechnology</u> for creating nanosized monodomain magnetic particles. Were
 investigated the possibility to envelop the magnetic particle with functional organic molecules
 and build up a <u>hybrid particles</u>.
- To use a magnetic field sensors in combination with magnetic nanoparticles working as magnetic labels for detecting molecular recognition. The challenges are related to array of probe molecules and immobilize them over a magnetic field sensor, and the biomolecules (target analyses) to be detected are magnetically labeled and pass over the probe array. The target material acts as a link between the nanoparticles and the magnetic field sensor and the presence of the target is detected by the stray fields from the nanoparticles.

Brief reminder of MoU objectives: "To provide platform between scientists in the field of materials, nanotechnology and sensor systems ..., aiming to improve best practices in AQC and explore the potential role of new generation of low-cost sensing devices.".



Suggested Priorities for future research

- Pulsed laser deposition of thin oxide films.
- Development of nanotechnologies for preparation of hybrid magnetic nanomaterials.
- Investigation of magnetic bioxides produced by various iron oxidizing bacteria.
- Investigation of magnetic properties and creation of functional particles for magnetic based sensors.



Research Facilities

Physical Properties Measurements System Model PPMS



Temperature Control

Temperature range 1.9 to 400 K Continuous Low Temperature Control Maintains temperatures below 4.2 K Smooth sweeps through 4.2 K Uniform sample chamber temperature No temperature gradient problems Uses multiple thermometers

Magnetic Field Control

Very high homogeneity 9 Tesla magnet 0.01% uniformity 5.5 cm x 1 cm volume 9 Tesla Longitudinal, Low noise, high efficiency, bipolar power supply Allows continuous charging through zero field Up to 150 Amps

Atomic and Magnetic Force Microscopy (Veeco)



