European Network on New Sensing Technologies for Air Pollution Control and Environmental Sustainability - *EuNetAir* COST Action TD1105

## 2<sup>nd</sup> International Workshop *EuNetAir* on

New Sensing Technologies for Indoor and Outdoor Air Quality Control

Palazzo Nervegna-Granafei, Brindisi Municipality Headquarters ENEA - Brindisi Research Center, Brindisi, Italy, 25 - 26 March 2014

Action Start date: 01/07/2012 - Action End date: 30/06/2016 - Year 2: 1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014

## Development of a Portable Sensor-System for Air Quality Monitoring



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## OUTLINE

- STATE-OF-ART ON AQ SENSING TECHNOLOGIES:
  - Data Quality Objectives (DQO) of AQ DIRECTIVE (2008/50/EC) on Ambient Air Quality and Cleaner Air for Europe (CAFE)
- VALIDATED AQ MONITORING by ENEA NASUS SENSORS:
  - CO Monitoring in collaboration with ARPA-Puglia, Brindisi, IT
  - NO<sub>2</sub>, PM<sub>10</sub> Monitoring in collaboration with JRC-IES, Ispra, IT
- **CURRENT CHALLENGES:** 
  - AQ Sensors Applications in City of Bari: IT PON RES-NOVAE
  - IAQ Sensors Applications in Schools: IT PON BAITAH
  - AQ Sensors Applications on Buses (L'Aquila): IT Smart Ring
- **CONCLUDING REMARKS:** 
  - IAQ and AQ Sensors Applications in European Cities (!?) 2 COOPERATION IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY



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## Fixed measurements: definition

'fixed measurements' means measurements taken at fixed sites to determine the levels in accordance with the relevant *Data Quality Objectives* (DQO);

Fixed measurements are mandatory in zones and agglomerations where the upper assessment thresholds are exceeded.

AQD: European DIRECTIVE 2008/50/EC on ambient air quality and cleaner air for Europe, art. 2



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### **AQD: Data Quality Objectives (DQO)**

	SO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> /NOx , CO	Benzene	<b>O</b> <sub>3</sub>
Uncertainty for <b>fixed</b> measurements	15 %	25 %	15 %
	Fluoresc., chemil., NDIR	automatic GC or pumped sampling	UV photometry
	demonstration of equivalence would be mandatory to use micro-sensors		



## **Indicative methods: definition**

'indicative measurements' means measurements which meet data quality objectives that are less strict than those required for fixed measurements;

AQD: European Directive 2008/50/EC on ambient air quality and cleaner air for Europe, art. 2

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## AQD: Data Quality Objectives (DQO)

	SO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> /NO /NOx, CO	Benzene	<b>O</b> <sub>3</sub>
Uncertainty for <b>fixed</b> measurements	15 %	25 %	15 %
Uncertainty for indicative measurements	25 %	30 %	30 %
	diffusive samplers, <i>micro-sensors</i>		



Michel Gerboles, JRC-Ispra, IES

## **Roadmap for Next Generation Air Monitoring** *U.S. Environmental Protection Agency*

**Data Quality Requirements for the range of NGAM applications** 



US EPA, March 2013:

Tim Watkins, US EPA Watkins.Tim@epa.gov

Viens Matthew, US EPA Viens.Matthew@epa.gov

http://epa.gov/research/airscien ce/docs/roadmap-20130308.pdf

## **PORTABLE AQ SENSOR-SYSTEM: ENEA NASUS**

## TECHNICAL DATASHEET

• AQ SENSORS: CO, NO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, PM<sub>10</sub>, RH, T





### NASUS 4: an hand-held sensing device building attempt (1/2)





PER LE NUOVE TECNOLOGIE, L'ENEI

## NASUS 4: an and-held sensing device building attempt (2/2)



- hand-held device
- average power consumption: 0.15W
- average battery autonomy: 46hrs
- fully remote operated by GPRS-GSM networks
- real time monitoring
- 4 electrochemical gas sensors onboard + Temperature + RH (sensors)
- solar-cells automatic power switching (smart power management)

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## VALIDATED AQ MONITORING by ENEA NASUS SENSORS:

- CO Monitoring in collaboration with ARPA-Puglia, Brindisi, IT
- NO<sub>2</sub>, PM<sub>10</sub> Monitoring in collaboration with JRC-IES, Ispra, IT



### NASUS 4: VALIDATION in Collaboration with ARPA-Puglia (1/4)

#### VALIDATION OF NASUS 4 IN AN OFFICIAL LOCAL-NODE OF THE NETWORK ARPA-PUGLIA, Regional Agency for Environmental Protection



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NASUS 4: VALIDATION in Collaboration with ARPA-Puglia (2/4)

## Validation Time-Domain Measurements Method: NASUS 4 Sensors *versus* Standard Chemical Analyzers

VS



**Standard Chemical Analyzers** 

**NASUS 4 Sensors by ENEA Brindisi** 



### NASUS 4: CO Validation in Collaboration with ARPA-Puglia (3/4)

 $E(t) = |C_N(t) - C_A(t)|$ Mean E(t) = 28.6 ppb Max E(t) = 339.5 ppb

Very Good Accuracy !

CO EC Sensor COCX by Alphasense Ltd, UK

Measurement Timing: 6 - 9 January 2014



CO (ppm)



E(t) = Error

#### NASUS 4: CO Validation in Collaboration with ARPA-Puglia (4/4)

 $E(t) = |C_N(t) - C_A(t)|$ Mean E(t) = 29.05 ppb Max E(t) = 427.6 ppb

> Very Good Accuracy !

CO EC Sensor COCX by Alphasense Ltd, UK

Measurement Timing: 10 - 13 December 2013



Date/time

CO (ppm)

NASUS 4: Validation in Collaboration with JRC-IES, Ispra (1/6)

## VALIDATION OF NASUS 4 IN A REAL SCENARIO BY MEANS OF JRC AQ MOBILE LAB



NASUS 4 on JRC AQ Mobile Laboratory





NASUS 4: Validation in Collaboration with JRC-IES, Ispra (2/6)

Validation Time-Domain Measurements Method: NASUS 4 Sensors *versus* Standard Chemical Analyzers



**Standard Chemical Analyzers** 



**NASUS 4 Sensors by ENEA Brindisi** 



#### NASUS 4: NO<sub>2</sub> Validation in Collaboration with JRC-IES, Ispra (3/6)

 $E(t) = |C_N(t) - C_A(t)|$ Mean E(t) = 5 ppbMax E(t) = 12.7 ppb Very Good **Accuracy** !  $NO_2/O_3$  ppb **NO<sub>2</sub> Thresholds: 200 μg/m<sup>3</sup> (100 ppb)** 400 μg/m<sup>3</sup> (200 ppb) NO<sub>2</sub> EC Sensor NO2A1

by Alphasense Ltd, UK

Measurement Timing: 28 - 30 January 2014



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#### NASUS 4: NO<sub>2</sub> Validation in Collaboration with JRC-IES, Ispra (4/6)

 $E(t) = |C_N(t) - C_A(t)|$ Mean E(t) = 3.36 ppb Max E(t) = 14.83 ppb

Very Good Accuracy !

NO<sub>2</sub> Thresholds: 200 μg/m<sup>3</sup> (100 ppb) 400 μg/m<sup>3</sup> (200 ppb)

NO<sub>2</sub> EC Sensor NO2B4 by Alphasense Ltd, UK

Measurement Timing: 30 - 31 January 2014



E(t) = Error  $C_{N}(t): Nasus 4 NO_{2} sensor concentration$   $C_{A}(t): NO_{2} reference analyzer concentration$ 



NASUS 4: PM Validation in Collaboration with JRC-IES, Ispra (5/6)

#### PPD20V Particle Sensor by Shinyei Ltd, Japan

Detectable Particle Size: 1 - 5  $\mu$ m

## $\mathbf{C(t)} = \mathbf{A}_0 + \mathbf{S} \times \mathbf{V(t)}$

C(t) = PM Concentration [μg/m<sup>3</sup>] A<sub>0</sub> = Bias Constant (3.2795 μg/m<sup>3</sup>) S = Sensor Sensitivity (46.85 (μg/m<sup>3</sup>)/V) V(t) = Sensor Output Voltage [V]







#### NASUS 4: PM Validation in Collaboration with JRC-IES, Ispra (6/6)

 $E(t) = |C_N(t)-C_A(t)|$ Mean  $E(t) = 8.98 \mu g/m^3$ Max  $E(t) = 41.76 \mu g/m^3$  E(t) = Error $C_N(t)$ : NASUS 4 PM sensor concentration  $C_A(t)$ : PM10 reference analyzer concentration



## **VIDEOCLIP** NASUS: CARS AIR-EXHAUST





### **IT NATIONAL PROJECT RES-NOVAE: INDOOR APPLICATIONS**

### Smart City Bari

# School **Municipality** Carducci Residential Offices **Buildings** (IACP)

#### **ENEA AQ Sensor Node**







#### Real-Word Scenario for Sensor Technology Demonstration: Schools, Public Offices, Buildings



#### **IT NATIONAL PROJECT RES-NOVAE: OUTDOOR APPLICATIONS**

Real-Word Scenario for Sensor Technology Demonstration: AQ ENEA Sensors Fixed Nodes Network distributed in Bari (Italy) Urban Control Center (UCC) collects ENV/ENE/OTH data from City.



#### **IT NATIONAL PROJECT RES-NOVAE: OUTDOOR APPLICATIONS**

Real-Word Scenario for Sensor Technology Demonstration: AQ ENEA Sensors Mobile Node mounted on public bus (AMTAB) in Bari (Italy). Urban Control Center (UCC) collects ENV/ENE/OTH data from City.



## **CONCLUSIONS and Future Activities**

- Low-cost Micro-sensors should not substitute but supplement routine monitoring devices, at the moment.
- Use of portable systems based on *low-cost solid-state gas* sensors to supplement high-cost standard chemical analyzers should be possible for some pollutant gases.
- Further long-term investigations in order to extend the range of air-pollutants detectable by *low-cost solid-state gas sensors* at higher accuracy.
- Further sensor-system miniaturization and integration with commercial electronics (e.g., smartphones, tablets, etc.) for community participatory environmental sensing.
- Air Quality Control Fixed/Mobile Sensors Network for Smart Cities Applications.

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS: Partners**



JOINT RESEARCH CENTRE

Institute for Environment and Sustainability (IES)

JRC-Ispra - INSTITUTE for ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABILITY (IES): M. GERBOLES, L. SPINELLE, JRC-IES, Ispra (Varese), Italy TECHNICAL COLLABORATION AGREEMENT <u>ENEA & JRC-IES</u> ON AQ SENSORS PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT (EMRP Project MACPOLL)

#### ARPA-PUGLIA:

G. ASSENNATO, A. NOCIONI, ARPA-Puglia, Bari-Brindisi, Italy TECHNICAL COLLABORATION AGREEMENT <u>ENEA & ARPA-PUGLIA</u> ON AQ SENSORS VALIDATION



**ENEA**: G. CASSANO, V. PFISTER, G. CAMPOREALE, M. PRATO, S. DIPINTO, F. DEPASCALIS, ENEA - Brindisi, Italy

Mariagabriella VILLANI, ENEA - Ispra, Italy





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## CONSORTIUM COST Action TD1105 EuNetAir

*European Network on New Sensing Technologies for Air-Pollution Control and Environmental Sustainability* 

### • PON1 BAITAH:

Methodology and Instruments of Building Automation and Information Technology for pervasive models of treatment and Aids for domestic Healthcare

## • <u>PON4a RES-NOVAE</u>:

Networks, Buildings, Streets - New Challenging Targets for Environment and Energy

Reti Edifici Strade Nuovi Obiettivi Virtuosi per l'Ambiente e l'Energia





European Network on New Sensing Technologies for Air-Pollution Control and Environmental Sustainability - EuNetAir





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